NEW MEXICO
STATE AND LOCAL TAX SHARES OF FAMILY INCOME for non-elderly taxpayers

TOTAL TAX (PERCENTAGE OF INCOME)
Share of Family Income

- **LOWEST** 20%
  - Less than
  - $17,700

- **SECOND** 20%
  - $17,700-$32,100

- **MIDDLE** 20%
  - $32,100-$49,500

- **FOURTH** 20%
  - $49,500-$86,000

- **NEXT** 15%
  - $86,000-$165,300

- **NEXT** 4%
  - $165,300-$376,500

- **TOP** 1%
  - $376,500+

SALES & EXCISE TAX
Share of Family Income

- **LOWEST** 20%
  - 9.6%

- **SECOND** 20%
  - 8.5%

- **MIDDLE** 20%
  - 6.9%

- **FOURTH** 20%
  - 5.3%

- **NEXT** 15%
  - 4.0%

- **NEXT** 4%
  - 2.4%

- **TOP** 1%
  - 1.4%

PERSONAL INCOME TAX
Share of Family Income

- **LOWEST** 20%
  - -2.2%

- **SECOND** 20%
  - -0.4%

- **MIDDLE** 20%
  - 0.9%

- **FOURTH** 20%
  - 2.2%

- **NEXT** 15%
  - 3.1%

- **NEXT** 4%
  - 3.3%

- **TOP** 1%
  - 3.3%

PROPERTY TAX
Share of Family Income

- **LOWEST** 20%
  - 3.2%

- **SECOND** 20%
  - 2.6%

- **MIDDLE** 20%
  - 2.3%

- **FOURTH** 20%
  - 2.1%

- **NEXT** 15%
  - 1.8%

- **NEXT** 4%
  - 1.7%

- **TOP** 1%
  - 1.2%

NOTE:
Figures show permanent law in New Mexico enacted through September 10, 2018 at 2015 income levels. Top figure represents total state and local taxes as a share of income. The 6th edition of Who Pays does not include the impact of the federal deduction for state and local taxes (SALT) because policy changes in the 2017 federal Tax Cuts and Jobs Act temporarily limited the extent to which the SALT deduction functions as a generalized offset of state and local taxes.
NEW MEXICO  State and Local Taxes (cont.)

TOTAL TAX  (PERCENTAGE OF INCOME)
Share of Family Income

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>INCOME GROUP</th>
<th>LOWEST 20%</th>
<th>SECOND 20%</th>
<th>MIDDLE 20%</th>
<th>FOURTH 20%</th>
<th>NEXT 15%</th>
<th>NEXT 4%</th>
<th>TOP 1%</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>INCOME RANGE</td>
<td>Less than $17,700</td>
<td>$17,700 to $32,100</td>
<td>$32,100 to $49,500</td>
<td>$49,500 to $86,000</td>
<td>$86,000 to $165,300</td>
<td>$165,300 to $376,500</td>
<td>over $376,500</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>AVERAGE INCOME IN GROUP</td>
<td>$11,500</td>
<td>$25,100</td>
<td>$39,400</td>
<td>$65,400</td>
<td>$116,400</td>
<td>$229,700</td>
<td>$845,400</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

SALES & EXCISE TAXES

- General Sales—Individuals: 9.6%, 8.5%, 6.9%, 5.3%, 4.0%, 2.4%, 1.4%
- Other Sales & Excise—Ind.: 5.3%, 5.1%, 4.2%, 3.3%, 2.5%, 1.5%, 0.9%
- Sales & Excise on Business: 1.0%, 0.7%, 0.5%, 0.3%, 0.2%, 0.1%, 0.0%

PROPERTY TAXES

- Home, Rent, Car—Individuals: 3.2%, 2.6%, 2.3%, 2.1%, 1.8%, 1.7%, 1.2%
- Other Property Taxes: 0.0%, 0.0%, 0.1%, 0.1%, 0.1%, 0.3%, 0.4%

INCOME TAXES

- Personal Income Tax: -2.2%, -0.4%, 0.9%, 2.2%, 3.2%, 3.4%, 3.5%
- Corporate Income Tax: 0.0%, 0.0%, 0.0%, 0.0%, 0.0%, 0.1%, 0.1%

TOTAL TAXES

- 10.6%, 10.7%, 10.2%, 9.7%, 8.9%, 7.4%, 6.0%

Individual figures may not sum to totals due to rounding.

ITEP TAX INEQUALITY INDEX

According to ITEP’s Tax Inequality Index, which measures the impact of each state’s tax system on income inequality, New Mexico has the 19th most unfair state and local tax system in the country. Incomes are more unequal in New Mexico after state and local taxes are collected than before. (See Appendix B for state-by-state rankings and the methodology section for additional detail on the index.)

TAX FEATURES DRIVING THE DATA IN NEW MEXICO

PROGRESSIVE TAX CODE FEATURES

- Graduated personal income tax structure
- Provides a refundable Earned Income Tax Credit (EITC)
- Provides a refundable low-income tax credit
- Provides a refundable dependent care tax credit
- Sales tax base excludes groceries

REgressive TAX CODE FEATURES

- Provides an income tax exclusion equal to at least half of capital gains income
- Fails to provide a property tax “circuit breaker” credit for low-income, non-elderly taxpayers
- Does not levy a tax on estates or inheritances