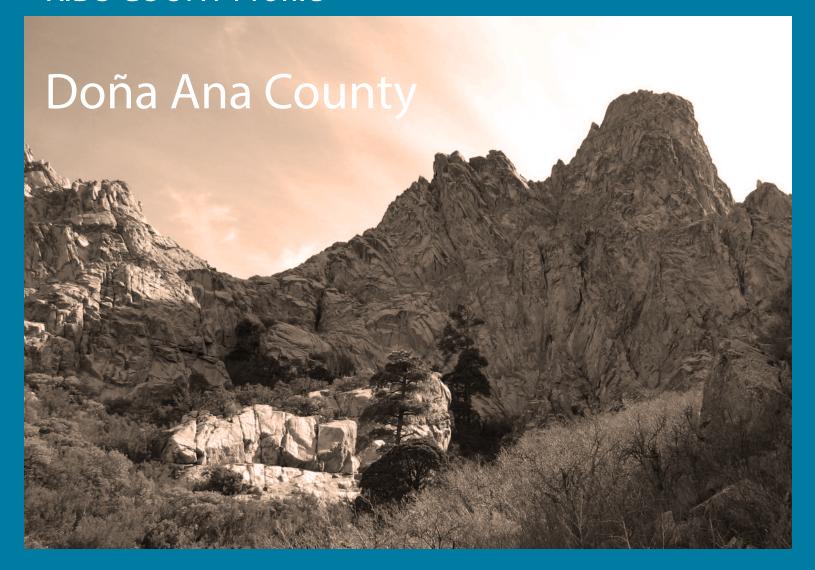
# KIDS COUNT Profile



# Presented by:





#### **KIDS COUNT in New Mexico**

Every child deserves equal access to the tools and opportunities essential for long-term success: economic security, quality education, access to health supports, and a supportive family and community. The future of the Land of Enchantment is also dependent upon the foundation of these four pillars. Investing now in New Mexico's children means an investment in the future of the entire state, region, and nation.

Each year, the Annie E. Casey Foundation's KIDS COUNT program provides child well-being rankings for the 50 states. Indicators within four primary domains of well-being—economic, education, health, and family and community—are tracked and evaluated by the Casey Foundation and by New Mexico Voices for Children, the KIDS COUNT anchor in our state, to understand and tell the child well-being story in New Mexico. Over time, the results show us where we are, where we have been improving, and where we can do better. Sadly, New Mexico has not ranked well in comparison to most of the nation. We fell to 49th for overall child well-being—ahead of just Mississippi—in 2012 and, except for 2013 (when we fell to 50th), our national ranking has not budged since.



(Cover) Photo by Terry Umbenhaur "https://upload.wikimedia.org/wikipedia/commons/9/9e/Organ Needle.ipg"

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- areas, school districts and congressional districts

# **New Mexico KIDS COUNT Profile**

National Rank (2017): 49<sup>th</sup> — Unchanged since 2016 (49<sup>th</sup>)\*

#### **Domains** Indicators of child well-being Children at or below the Children whose parents Children living in Teens (16-19) not in households with a high school and not working lack secure employment poverty level housing cost burden 141,000 children 153,000 children 170,000 children 10,000 teens (2015)(2015)(2015)(2015)**Economic** Well-Being Unchanged since 2014 (31%) Improved since 2014 (30%) Improved since 2014 (36%) Unchanged since 2014 (9%) Better than US average (33%) Worse than US average (7%) National Rank: 48th Worse than US average (21%) Worse than US average (29%) Fourth graders not High school students not Young children not in Eighth graders not proficient in reading proficient in math graduating on time school 32,000 children (2015)(2014-15)(2015)(2013-15)Education Improved since 2012-14 (59%) Improved since 2013 (79%) Worsened since 2013 (77%) Improved since 2013-14 (32%)\* National Rank: 50th\* Worse than US average (53%) Worse than US average (65%) Worse than US average (68%) Worse than US average (17%) Low-birthweight babies Children without health Child (1-14) and teen Teens who abuse (15-19) death rates (per alcohol or drugs insurance 100,000) 2,244 babies 22,000 children 178 deaths 9.000 teens 34 (2015)(2015)(2015)(2013-14)Health Improved since 2014 (8.8%) Improved since 2014 (7%) Worsened since 2014 (31) Improved since 2012-13 (7%) Worse than US average (8.1%) Worse than US average (25) Better than US average (5%) Same as US average (5%) National Rank: 37th Children in single-Children in families where Children living in high-Teen (15-19) birth rate household head lacks parent families poverty areas (per 1,000) high school diploma 2,320 births 191,000 children 89,000 children 128,000 children 18% 35 (2015)(2015)(2011-15)(2015)Family and Community Unchanged since 2014 (41%) Unchanged since 2014 (18%) Improved since 2010-14 (26%) Improved since 2014 (38) National Rank: 49th Worse than US average (22) Worse than US average (35%) Worse than US average (14%) Worse than US average (14%)

\*Due to a slight change in the methodology for reporting data for the indicator "High school students not graduating on time," comparisons cannot be made between previous years' and this year's overall rank, education rank, and "High school students not graduating on time" data.

Source: KIDS COUNT Data Book, Annie E. Casey Foundation, 2016 and 2017

NEW MEXICO VOICES FOR CHILDREN

#### **KIDS COUNT Profile: Doña Ana County**

Demographic Information: Doña Ana County, in the south-central region of the state, is one of three New Mexico counties with an international border. Perhaps not surprisingly, 16.7 percent of the residents are foreign-born, far more than the state average of 9.7 percent<sup>1</sup>. Just over half (51 percent) of Doña Ana County residents over the age of 5 speak a language other than English at home, while the state average is closer to a third (35.4 percent)<sup>2</sup>. Las Cruces—the county's largest city and the state's second-largest city—is part of a tri-city area that includes El Paso, Texas, and Ciudad Juarez, in the Mexican state of Chihuahua, making the county something of a cultural crossroads. Doña Ana County is the second largest county within New Mexico, having a population of 213,825. There are 63,318 children in the county, accounting for 11.3 percent of the total child population of the state. The county has a notably higher percentage of Hispanic children than does the rest of the state, with 79.35 percent of children ages 0 to 19 identified as Hispanic, followed by Non-Hispanic White (16.6 percent), two or more races (3.4 percent), Black (1.6 percent), Native American (0.9 percent), and Asian/Pacific Islander (0.7 percent). Three school districts—Las Cruces Public Schools, Hatch Valley Municipal Schools, and Gadsden Independent Schools—operate within the county, with a total enrollment of 39,931 students<sup>3</sup>. Median household income for the county is \$38,636, which is lower than the state median of \$45,674.

**Economic Well-Being:** Doña Ana County fares slightly better than the state in two of the four KIDS COUNT indicators while facing worse outcomes in child poverty and housing cost burdens. The county has a 39 percent child poverty rate, substantially higher than the state rate of 27 percent. Forty-nine percent of all renting households in the county have a high housing cost burden, meaning they spend 30 percent or more of their total income on housing. This is worse than the state average of 46 percent. Twelve percent of families with children do not have any parent working, which is slightly better than the state at 13 percent. Lastly, 8 percent of teens are disconnected, meaning they are not in school or working. This is better than the New Mexico average of 10 percent.

**Education:** The KIDS COUNT domain where Doña Ana County excels is education, with Gadsden Independent Schools outperforming the state in proficiencies and graduation rates. Gadsden leads the county in fourth grade reading proficiency, with 30 percent of students meeting or exceeding expectations in English Language Arts, followed by Las Cruces Public Schools (27 percent) and Hatch Valley Municipal Schools (22 percent). The New Mexico fourth grade reading proficiency rate is 26 percent. Outcomes for eighth grade math proficiency follow similar trends, with Gadsden leading with 30 percent of students meeting or exceeding expectations, followed by Hatch Valley (29 percent), and Las Cruces (18 percent). The state has a 21 percent rate of eighth grade math proficiency. Graduation

rates are higher than the state average in all three districts, with Gadsden (86 percent), Las Cruces (80 percent), and Hatch Valley (74 percent) outperforming the state's 71 percent graduation rate. Unfortunately, the county lags the state in the one early education indicator, with 65 percent of 3-and-4 year olds notenrolled in school; this is worse than the state average of 59 percent.

Health: Children in Doña Ana County tend to fare nearly the same as the average New Mexican child across the four KIDS COUNT health indicators, with the exception of child death rates. Babies are born at a low birthrate of 5.5 pounds or less at a rate of 7.5 percent, better than the state rate of 9 percent. Five percent of the county's children lack health insurance, which is slightly better than the state at 5.1 percent. The child death rate for ages 0 to 14 is 75.3 deaths per 100,000, higher than the state child death rate of 57.8 deaths per 100,000. The teen death rate for ages 15 to 19 is 51.5 deaths per 100,000 within the county, significantly lower than the state rate of 64.2 deaths per 100,000. Teens in Doña Ana County engaged in binge drinking at a rate of 15 percent, slightly worse than the state at 14.6 percent.

Family and Community: The family and community indicators for Doña Ana County are a mixed bag. The county's rate of children in single-parent families—38 percent—is equal to the state average, and the teen birth rate—at 31.4 births per 1,000 females ages 15 to 19—is just slightly higher than the state's rate of 29.4 births per 1,000 females. However, when it comes to children living in a household headed by a person without a high school diploma, the county—at 21 percent—does worse than the state's rate of 15 percent. A much larger share of children in the county reside in high-poverty areas—where 30 percent or more of the residents live in poverty—with the rate being 42 percent compared to the state rate of 25 percent.

In conclusion, analysis of the data for Doña Ana County and the state of New Mexico suggests that the county shines in some areas while facing challenges in many others. The resiliency and strengths of the county's children, families, and teachers is evident in the fact that the county outperforms the state in many education indicators. However, the county lags significantly behind the rest of the state in some economic indicators. Combined with the high percentage of Hispanic children, these figures underscore the importance of supporting racial and ethnic minority students and their families. The county's position along the Mexican border, and its close ties to El Paso and Juarez, give it a unique cultural complexion that is among its many strengths. The state must build upon these strengths if we are to improve outcomes for all of New Mexico's children.

<sup>1.</sup> U.S. Census Bureau, QuickFacts, 2012-2016, https://www.census.gov/quickfacts/fact/table/doaanacountynewmexico/POP060210

<sup>2.</sup> U.S. Census Bureau, QuickFacts, 2012-2016, https://www.census.gov/quickfacts/fact/table/doaanacountynewmexico/POP060210

<sup>3.</sup> New Mexico Public Education Department (NMPED), School Fact Sheets: http://www.ped.state.nm.us/it/schoolfactsheets.html

# Doña Ana County KIDS COUNT Profile

#### **Domains**

## KIDS COUNT Indicators of child well-being



**Economic** Well-Being Children at or below the poverty level 2015

39%

New Mexico:

Families with children in which no parent is working 2011-2015

**12%** 

New Mexico:

Households renting with a high housing cost burden 2011-2015

49%

New Mexico:

Teens (16-19) not in school and not working

2011-2015

8%

New Mexico:



Education

Young children (3-4) not in school

2011-2015

**65**%

New Mexico:



4th graders meeting or exceeding expectations in English language arts

2016-2017 Gadsden: 30% Hatch: 22%

Las Cruces: 27%

New Mexico:



13%

8th graders meeting or exceeding expectations in math 2016-2017

Gadsden:30% **Hatch: 29%** 

Las Cruces: 18%

New Mexico:



High school graduation rates

2015-2016

Gadsden: 86% Hatch: 74% Las Cruces: 80%

New Mexico:





Health

Low-birthweight babies 2016

7.5%

New Mexico:



Children (0-18) without health insurance

2015

5%

New Mexico:



Child (0-14) and teen (15-19) death rates (per 100,000) 2016

> Child: 75.3 Teen: 51.1

New Mexico: Teen: 64.2 Child: 57.8 Teen binge drinking

2015

**15%** 

New Mexico:





Children in singleparent families 2011-2015

38%

New Mexico:

Children in families where household head lacks high school diploma 2011-2015

**21**%

New Mexico:

Children living in highpoverty areas

2011-2015

**42**%

New Mexico:

Teen (15-19) birth rate (per 1,000)

New Mexico:

The above data are identical to data presented in the 2017 New Mexico Kids Count Data Book Note: Unless otherwise noted, "children" refers to ages 0-17

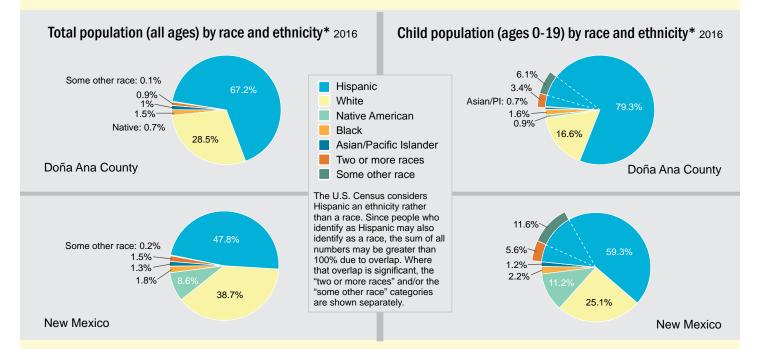
Sources: Children in poverty: U.S. Census, Small Area Income and Poverty Estimates; Families with no working parent: American Community Survey (ACS), Table B23007; Households with high housing cost burden: ACS Table B25070; Teens not in school/working: ACS Table B14005; Young children not in school: ACS Table B14003; English Language Arts and Math proficiencies: NM Public Education Department (PED), "PARCC Proficiencies 2017"; High school graduation rates: NM PED, "Webfiles cohort of 2016 4-Year Graduation Rates"; Low-birthweight babies: NM Department of Health (DOH), Indicator-Based Information System for Public Health (IBIS); Children without health insurance: U.S. Census Bureau, Small Area Health Insurance Estimates; Child and teen death rates: NM DOH IBIS; Teen binge drinking: NM Youth Risk and Resiliency Survey; Children in single-parent families: ACS Table B09002; Children in families where household head lacks HS diploma: ACS Table B17018; Children living in high-poverty areas: Population Reference Bureau analysis of ACS data; Teen birth rate: NM DOH IBIS

# Doña Ana County KIDS COUNT Profile

## Population demographics

Total population (all ages) 2016			
	Number	Percentage of state total population	
Doña Ana County	213,825	10.3%	
New Mexico	2,082,669	100%	

Child population (ages 0-19) 2016			
	Number	Percentage of state child population	
Doña Ana County	63,318	11.3%	
New Mexico	559,130	100%	



Households receiving SNAP benefits 2016		
	Number	Percent
Doña Ana County	15,837	21.1%
New Mexico	126,654	16.6%

Rate of substantiated child abuse 2017		
	Rate (per 1,000 children)	
Doña Ana County	24	
New Mexico	25	

Families with children where no parent is in workforce** 2016			
	Number	Percent	
Doña Ana County	2,500	10.8%	
New Mexico	25,906	12.5%	

Median household income 2016			
	Number	Percent of state median income	
Doña Ana County	\$38,636	85%	
New Mexico	\$45,674	100%	

<sup>\*</sup>All data shown for Whites, Native Americans, Blacks, and Asian/Pacific Islanders are for people who did not also identify as Hispanic.

Sources: U.S. Census American Community Survey, 5-year estimates, 2012-2016: Total population by race & ethnicity: Tables DP05; Child population by race & ethnicity: Tables B01001B, B01001D, B01001B, B01001F, B01001F, B01001H, B01001H, B01001H; Families with children where no parent is in workforce: B23007; Households receiving SNAP benefits: DP03; Rate of substantiated child abuse: NM Children, Youth and Families Protected Services Division, Information request received Nov. 2017; Total and child population: B01001; Median household income: B19013

<sup>\*\*</sup>The workforce includes those who are either working or unemployed but actively seeking work.

## You're Invited!

## **2018 KIDS COUNT Conference**

**New Mexico Kids at the Crossroads** 

Monday, June 25, 2018

8:30am - 3:30pm
Embassy Suites
1001 Woodward Pl NE
Albuquerque, New Mexico

## **Including:**

- · Panels and Breakout Sessions
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