KIDS and GUNS

New Mexico's Data Collection System for Children's Firearm Injury Deaths

Bill Jordan Deputy Director New Mexico Advocates for Children and Families and the New Mexico Coalition Against Youth Gun Violence

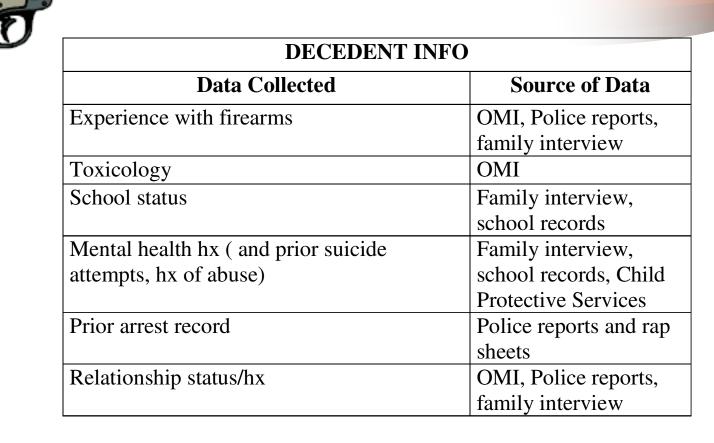


Data Collected	Source of Data
Victim's Name, Case Number, Identifiers	OMI
Address or County	OMI
Next of Kin info	OMI
Age/Date of birth	OMI
Gender	OMI
Ethnicity/Race	OMI
Incident Date	OMI
Date of Death	OMI
Location of Incident: home, car, street, etc.	OMI, Police reports
Manner of death: S/H/A/L/U	OMI, Police reports



FIREARM INFO		
Data Collected	Source of Data	
Type of Firearm	OMI, Police reports,	
	family interview	
Make and Model	OMI, Police reports,	
	family interview	
Serial Number	OMI, Police reports,	
	family interview	
Gun safety and storage info	OMI, Police reports,	
	family interview	
Source of gun	OMI, Police reports,	
	family interview	

DECEDENT I	NFO
Data Collected	Source of Data
Experience with firearms	OMI, Police reports,
	family interview
Toxicology	OMI
School status	Family interview,
	school records
Mental health hx (and prior suicide	Family interview,
attempts, hx of abuse)	school records, Child
	Protective Services
Prior arrest record	Police reports and rap
	sheets
Relationship status/hx	OMI, Police reports,
_	family interview





PERPETRATOR INFO

Data Collected	Source of Data
Toxicology or hx of drug/alcohol use	Police records and
	background checks,
	family interview
School status	School records, family
	interview
Prior arrest record	Police reports and rap
	sheets
Mental health hx, hx of abuse, witness to	Police records, rap
violence?	sheets, Child
	Protective Services,
	family interview, court
	records



Data Collected	Source of Data
Victim/Perpetrator acquainted?	OMI, Police reports,
	family interview
Gang related?	Police reports
During commission of another crime?	OMI, Police reports
Description of motive/intent	Panel review



Other data ...

- Financial difficulties
- Church/community or sports activity
- Family makeup and hx
- Hate crime?

Family Interview

- Obtain data for the case review
- Offer support to the family by giving them an opportunity to talk about their loved one
- Offer the family members an opportunity to channel their grief and anger into action to prevent future gun deaths by getting involved in your project
- Offer resources for grief counseling, survivor support groups, victim's reparation funds, etc.

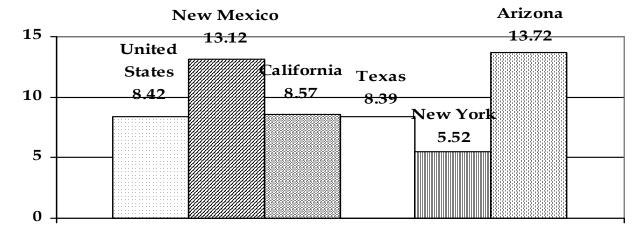
Family Interview



- Take time; be prepared to take as much time as the family needs
- Explain why you are interviewing them and how the information they share will be used
- Assure them of confidentiality, but offer them the opportunity to tell their loved one's story
- Be compassionate and understanding, never judgmental

Rates of Firearm Deaths Ages 0-24: National and by State





Firearm Deaths by Manner of Death

	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	5 Year Total
Suicide	34	38	37	41	31	181 (43%)
Homicide	40	40	39	41	52	212 (50%)
Accidental/ Negligent	2	3	4	1	3	13 (3%)
By Law Enforcement	1	1	5	2	0	9 (2%)
Undetermined	2	2	2	3	4	13 (3%)

Source: Office of the Medical Investigator, N.M. Dept. of Health Vital Records

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Firearm Deaths by Gender



	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	5 Year Total
Male	64	80	78	78	79	379 (89%)
Female	15	4	9	10	11	49 (11%)

Source: Office of the Medical Investigator, N.M. Dept. of Health Vital Records

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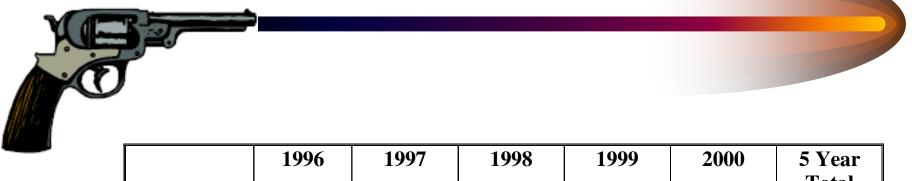
Firearm Deaths by Ethnicity*

	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	5 Year Total
Hispan	ic 47	44	55	52	60	258 (60%)
Anglo	19	28	20	20	20	107 (25%)
Africa Americ		8	3	3	6	25 (6%)
Native Americ	an 8	4	8	12	4	36 (8%)
Unkno	vn 0	0	1	1	0	2(<1%)

*Ethnicity is determined by Deputy Medical Investigator on the scene of the incident.

Source: Office of the Medical Investigator, N.M. Dept. of Health Vital Records

Firearm Deaths by Age



	1770	1777	1770	1777	2000	Total
<16	9	14	9	9	5	46 (11%)
16-18	24	21	32	25	35	137 (32%)
19-21	26	24	25	33	26	134 (31%)
22-24	20	25	21	21	24	111 (26%)

Source: Office of the Medical Investigator, N.M. Dept. of Health Vital Records

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Firearm Deaths by Region

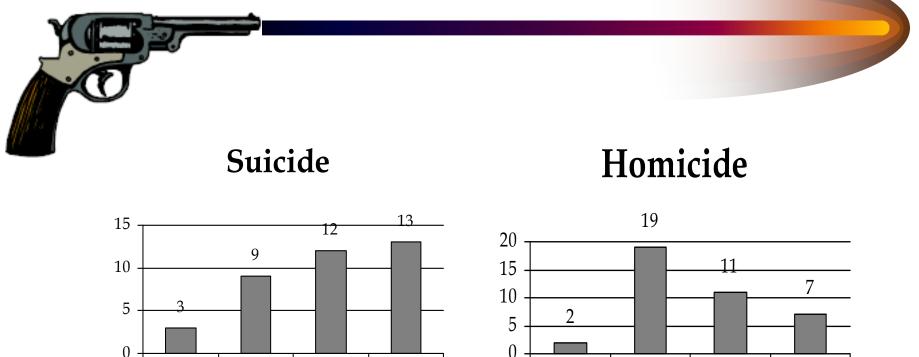
	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	5 Year Total
I – Northwest	11		17	15	11	58 (14%)
II – Northeast	4	8	10	5	9	36 (8%)
III – Southwest	7	16	10	12	18	63 (15%)
IV-Southeast	9	22	12	10	16	69 (16%)
V – Bernalillo County	40	28	36	42	31	177 (41%)
VI – Santa Fe County	8	6	2	4	4	20 (5%)
Unknown	0	0	0	0	1	1 (<1%)

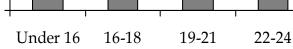
The regions correspond to the four Public health Districts. Bernalillo County and Santa Fe County have been excluded from Region I and Region II respectively.

Source: Office of the Medical Investigator, N.M. Dept. of Health Vital Records

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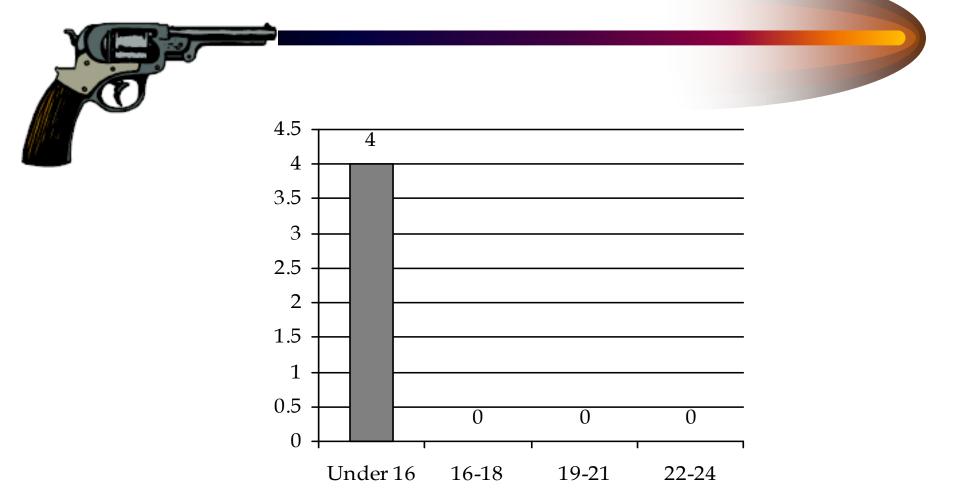
1998 Suicide and Homicide Deaths By Firearm, 0-24



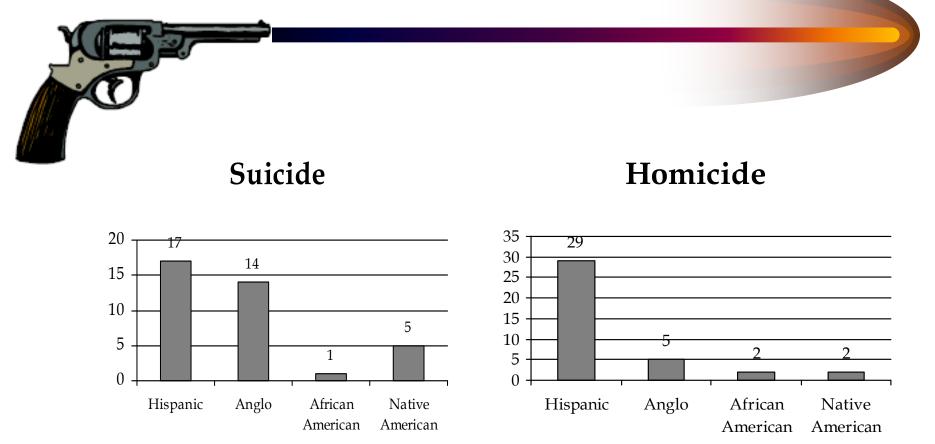


Under 16 16-18 19-21 22-24

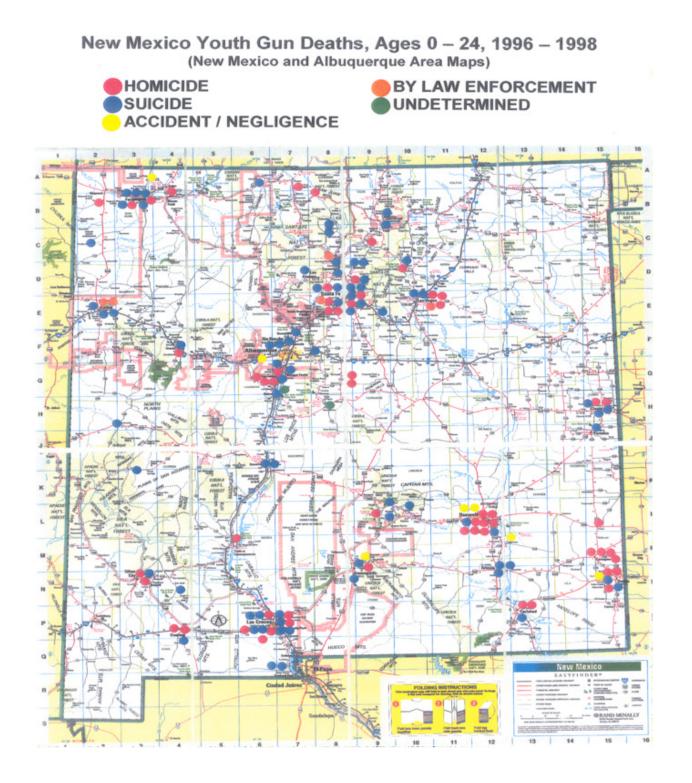
1998 Accidental/Negligent Firearm Deaths

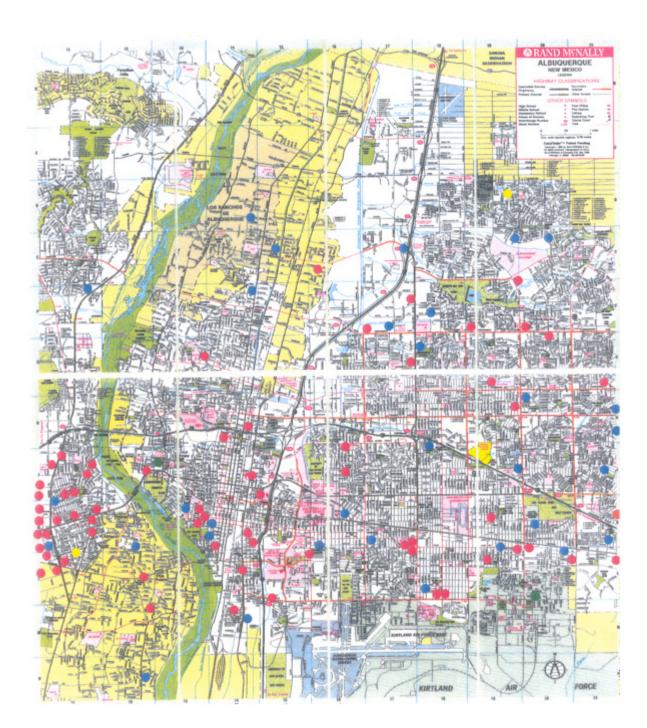


1998 Suicide and Homicide By Race, 0-24

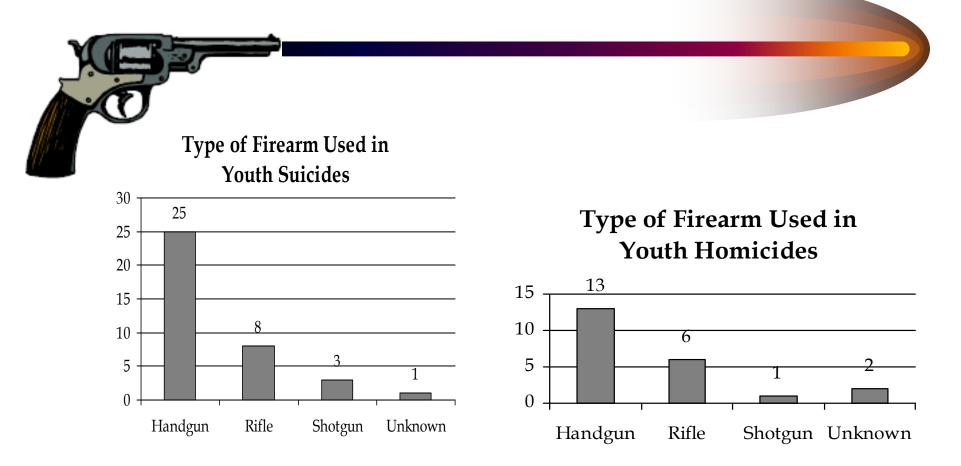


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Type of Firearm Used



Source of the Firearm in Youth Suicides, 1997-1998



- Family (25) or Friend (5) 30
- Victims own gun 14
- Stolen 1
- Total 45

New Mexico's Firearm Injury Surveillance Report Form

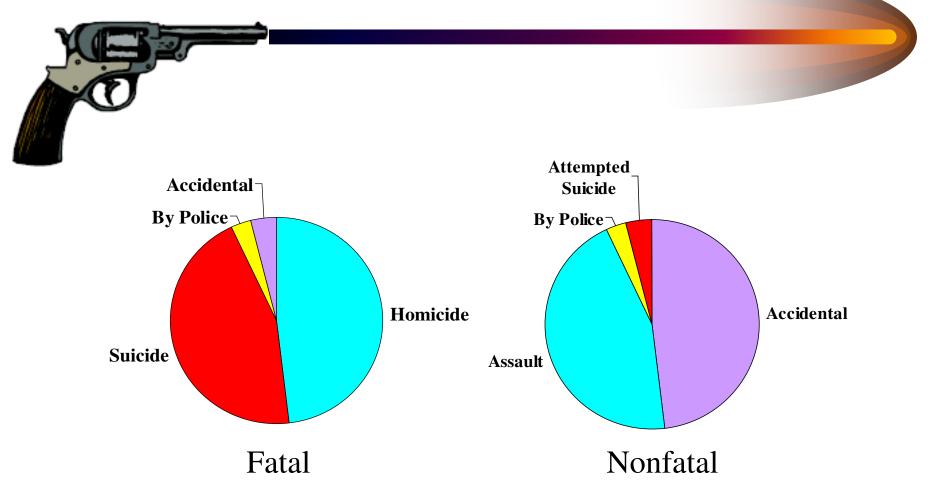
	Emergency Department—NM <u>Firearm</u>	Injury Surveillance System [ED-NMFISS]	
	PASTE PATIENT I	D LABEL HERE	
	If you attach the patient label, <u>do not re-en</u> (For example the "	er any information that is on the label ^{ev} items below.)	
1. Hos	pital/facility name		
2. *Tre	eatment Date: / / // Month Day 4-digit Year		
3. *Me	edical Record Number		
4. *Pat	tient's Name: (Last, First, Middle initial)		
5. *Bir	thdate: // OR Age Month Day 4-digit Year	e Unknown	
6. City	y of Residence (Do not enter post office box or rural route): Unknown 🗆	
7. Stat	te of Residence: Unk	nown	
8. ZIP	Code Unkn	own	
9. Gen	ıder	12. Body Region(s) Injured (Check all that apply):	
Male [Female Unknown	Abdomen/pelvis Back Chest Head/neck	
		Arm/hand Leg/foot Unknown	
10. Race	e	13. Firearm Wound Type (Check all that apply):	
White	Black Native American	Bullet 🗌 BB 🗌 Pellet 🗌 Shotgun 🗌	
Asian/F	Pacific Islander Other Unknown	Blunt trauma with gun (e.g.pistol-whipped) Unknown	
11. Ethn	nicity	14. ED Discharge Status:	
11.	enanic Non-Hiepanic Unknown	Home/self 🗌 Hospitalized 🗌 Left-AMA 🔲	
113		Dies in Ed DOA at ED Transferred to	
Commen			
SUBMI	T directly by		
MAIL to	ED-NMFISS, Office of Epidemiology, New Mexico Dep OR	artment of Health, P.O. Box 26110, Santa Fe, NM 87502-6110	

TELEPHONE to the answering machine 1-800-432-4404 and READ IN data, stating item and then patient facts.

Have any questions? Please call Isaac Romero (505) 827-2694 or Barbara Chatterjee (505) 476-3563. All data you submit is treated as confidential. PLEASE <u>SUBMIT DATA WITHIN 4 DAYS OF ED VISIT</u>. Thanks you for providing these data.

N:\FIREARM\ED data form 21.doc 12/07/00

Fatal vs. Nonfatal Firearm Injuries



Prevention Recommendations

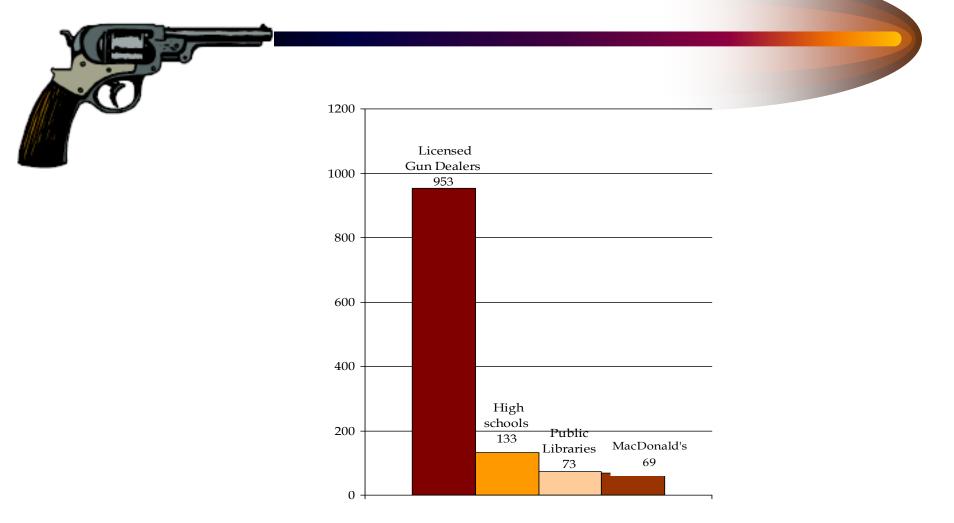
Administrative
Parents and Gun Owners

School System

Mental Health System
Juvenile Justice System

Law Enforcement
Legislative

Comparison of the Number of New Mexico Gun Dealers



Kids and Guns

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Haddon Matrix

PHASE		HOST (HUMAN)	FIREARM	ENVIRONMENT
Pre-injury	•	Gun safety and hunter safety education	 Integrated safety devises Child safety locks Lead indicators 	 Tougher enforcement of gur access laws High visibility police in hot spots Mental health programs available to at-risk youth Prohibit firearms in schools, airport, etc.
Injury	•	Bullet proof vests	 Regulations to reduce the lethality of guns and bullets Design and performance standards for guns produced n the US 	
Post- injury	•	Surveillance, data analysis and dissemination of results	Gun Tracing	 EMS and rehab services Arrest and conviction of perpetrator



Who is strong enough to fire a gun?



- 25% of 3- to 4-year olds
- 70% of 5- to 6-year olds
- 90% of 7- to 8-year olds

Children who witness violence are more like to:

- develop risk-taking behaviors
- abuse alcohol or drugs
- imitate violent acts
- use violence as a means to resolve conflict
- develop mental health problems

New Mexico Causes of Death, Ages 0-18, 1998

 Auto/truck accident injuries 	55
 Firearm injury 	42
 Congenital defect 	31
• Prematurity	26
• SIDS	14
• Pneumonia	12
 Respiratory Distress Syndrome 	12
 Asphyxia 	10

In 1996, Firearms Murdered:

- 2 persons in New Zealand
- 13 in Australia
- 15 in Japan
- 30 in Great Britain
- 106 in Canada
- 114 in New Mexico

New Mexico Criminal and Juvenile Justice Coordinating Council Statistical Analysis Center, in 1997 reports that:

- 93.3% of juvenile delinquents reported it was easy or very easy to get a gun.
- 70% said they could get a gun within one day.
- the average number of guns owned was eight (8)
- the average age by which they kept a gun was 12.5 years
- only 5.5% received their gun as a gift from a parent or relative

New Mexico data shows:



- over 40 of households with children have a gun
- sixth highest rate of firearm fatalities in the nation (1996)
- seventh highest rate of youth suicide (1997)
- 2/3 of youth suicides are completed with a gun
- 2/3 of youth homicides are complete with a gun

Recommendations of the American Academy of Pediatrics:



The safest choice to reduce firearm injuries is to remove guns from environments where children live and play

For those who must keep a gun in the home:



- Lock and store bullets in a separate location
- Make sure children don't have access to keys

When families don't keep guns in their own homes:

- Talk about the risks that guns pose
- Find out if the families of friends keep a gun in the home
- Urge families to dispose of guns safely, or else empty them out and lock them up



• Counsel families about guns when there is any chance of adolescent depression or mental illness

Be a political advocate!



- Learn the issues
- Support candidates who will work to decrease firearm injuries
- Write and call policymakers
- Join the efforts of local advocacy groups like N.M. ADVOCATES FOR CHILDREN AND FAMILIES



A gun in the homes is 43 times more likely to be used to kill a family member or friend than an intruder

New Mexico Gun Laws

- Guns are prohibited on school property
- Must be 20 to own a handgun, but no age restriction on purchase
- NO juvenile sales laws
- NO child safety lock law
- NO child access prevention law
- NO limit to the number of guns purchased
- NO registration of firearm

- NO licensing of gun owners
- NO state background check required for private sales at gun shows
- NO record of gun sales
- NO ban on assault weapons
- NO ban on Saturday night specials
- NO consumer product safety laws
- NO waiting period
- NO ability to enact "local" gun laws
- Allow the carrying of concealed weapons as of January 2002